

Department of History

Programme Name : M.A History

Semester : 1st

Course Details

| Sl. No. | Course Code | Course Title | Credit | Specify Type of Course- Core/Compulsory or optional/Elective | CBCS (Yes/No) |
|---------|-------------|------------------------------|--------|--|---------------|
| 1 | DH-101 | Historical Methods | 5 | Core | No |
| 2 | DH-102 | Ancient India B.C-600-600 AD | 5 | Core | No |
| 3 | DH-103 | Medieval India 1206-1707 A.D | 5 | Core | No |
| 4 | DH-104 | Twentieth Century World | 5 | Core | No |
| 5 | DH : OE-01 | History and Heritage | 4 | Open Elective | Yes |

DH-101: HISTORICAL METHODS

(Credits: 05)

Objective of the Course: The Course is designed to equip students with an underrating on evolution of history as a craft and the logistical process involved in it. The concepts such as scientific character of history, various trends in historiography and influence of different philosophical thoughts on history making in the world in general and India in particular are taught in this course.

Module 1: Meaning and scope of History

Definition, scope and purpose of history, Objectivity and Subjectivity in history, collection and selection of Data, Primary and Secondary sources, Evidence and its transmission, Causation and Historicism

Module 2: History and other Disciplines

Archaeology; Geography; Anthropology; Linguistics; Sociology; Economics; Philosophy; Political Science, Natural Sciences; Applied Sciences and Literature.

Module 3: Traditions of Historical Writing

Greco-Roman traditions; Chinese traditions; Ancient India traditions; Medieval Historiography- Western; Arabic; Persian; and Indian. Modern- Positivist; Whig; Classical Marxist; and Annals.

Module 4: Approaches to History

Theological; Orientalist; Imperialist; Nationalist; Marxist; Historical Materialism, Subaltern; and Post-Modernist. Structuralism and Post Structuralism, Feminism.

Selected Readings:

- 1). Braudel Fernand, On History, London, 1980
- 2). Cannon, John (ed), The Historian at Work, London, 1980
- 3). Carr. E. H. What is History? Harmondsworth, 1977
- 4). Chesneaux Jean, Past and Futures: Or What is History, London, 1978
- 5). Choen, C A. Karl Marx's Theory of History: A Defense
- 6). Collingwood, R. G. The Idea of History, OUP, 1993
- 7). Danto, A. C. Analytical Philosophy of History, Cambridge University Press, 1965
- 8). Dray William. Perspectives on History, London, 1980.
- 9). Elton, G.R. The Practice of History, London 1967
- 10). Fay, B, Phillip Pomper and R.T. Vann (ed), History and Theory: The Linguistic Turn and Beyond, 1998
- 11). Fedric Karantz, (ed), History from Below: Studies in Popular Protest and Popular Ideologies, Oxford, 1988
- 12). Garnier, Partic (ed), Theories of History, New York, 1959
- 13). Hirst, Paul Q. Marxism and Historical Writings, London 1985
- 14). Hobsbawm, E.J, The Revival of Narrative: Some Comments, *Past and Present*, no. 80, (Feb, 1980) pp. 3-8
- 15). Kelly, D.R, Foundation of Modern Historical Scholarship, 1970
- 16). Marwick, Arthur, The Nature of History, London, 1984
- 17). Mach Bloch, The Historian's Craft, Vintage Books, 1953
- 18). Nora, Pierre (ed). Constructing the Past: Essays in Historical Methodology, Cambridge, 1985
- 19). Plumb, J. H. The Death of the Past, London, 1968
- 20). Popper, Karl, The Poverty of Historicism, London, 1957

DH 102: Ancient India (B.C 600-600 A.D)

(Credit -05)

Module 1

Socio-economic and political condition of northern India during the period of the Buddha :

Emergence of new social groups and crystallization of the Varna hierarchy. Material, social and religious factors behind the birth of Buddhism, Jainism and materialism (Ajivikas etc.)
.Social worldview of Buddhism, Jainism and the Ajivikas.

Early Historical Urbanization in the Ganga valley: causative factors; characteristic features.

State formation: Evolution of the Mahajanapadas; a Comparative study of political framework and political economies of the monarchical polities and the Ganasangha polities .Factors behind the ascendancy of Magadha.

Module 2 : The Mauryan Phase .

Political history; political organization .Theoretical debate on the nature of the Empire.
Mauryan Political Economy, with particular reference to Agrarian Structure and State regulation of trade.

Ashoka and his religious policies.

Decline of the Mauryan Empire: causative factors.

Module 3:

Indo-Greek Occupation of the North-west and its impact .The Sakas and the Kushanas : their polity , political economy and religious policy.

The Satavahanas in the Deccan: their polity, political economy and religious policy.

Socio-economic organization and religion in the Sangam period Tamilikam .

Economic conditions, c.BCE 3250- CE 300 . Patterns of inland and external trade and their impacts.

Module 4 :

The Gupta phase: changing pattern of political organization. Changes in economy and society.

The situation in the peninsula: the Chalukyas and the Pallavas – society, administration, polity and political economy.

Harsha and his times: administration, social and economic conditions, his religious policy.

Changes in socio-economic organization in the post-Gupta period: an overview.

Suggested Readings

Sharma , R.S. , *Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India* , Delhi, 1991

Sharma , R.S. , *Material culture and Social Formation in Ancient India*, Macmillan, Delhi, 1985

Sharma , R.S. , *State and Varna Formation in The Mid-Ganga Plains : An Ethnological View* , Delhi, 1996.

Sharma , R.S. , *Shudras in Ancient India* ,Delhi, 1980(2nd edition)

Sharma , R.S. , *Indian Feudalism* , Calcutta, 1965.

- Sharma, R.S., *Early Medieval Indian Society: A Study in Feudalisation* , Hyderabad, 2001.
- Sharma, R.S. , *Urban Decay In India, c.300-1200* ,Delhi, 1987.
- Sharma, R.S ., *Perspectives in Social and Economic History of Early India* , New Delhi, 1983.
- Nilakantha Shstri, KA , *A History of South India : From Earliest Times to Vijayanagar* , Madras , 1958.
- Shrimali , KM , *The Age of Iron and Religious Revolution*, Delhi, 2007.
- Erdosy, G., *Urbanisation In Early Historic India*, Oxford, 1988,
- Sarao, K.T.S., *Urban Centres and Urbanisation as Reflected in Pali Vinaya and Sutta Pitakas* , Delhi, 1990
- Gokhle , B.G.,*New Light on Early Buddhism*, Bombay, 1994
- Mabbett , Ian & Bailey, Greg ., *The Sociology of Early Buddhism* , Cambridge, 2003.
- Ghosh , A. *The City in Early Historic India*, Indian Institute of Advanced Studies , Shimla, 1973
- Thakur, V.K. , *Urbanisation in Ancient India*, Delhi, 1981
- Roy.T.N., *The Ganges Civilisation*, Delhi, 1983
- Chakrabarti, D.K., *The Archaeology of Ancient Indian Cities*, Delhi, 1995
- Chakravarty, Uma ., *The Social Dimensions of Early Buddhism*, Delhi, 1997
- Gombrich, Richard., *Theravada Buddhism: A Social History from Ancient Benaras to Modern Colombo*, London:, 1988
- Wagle , Narendra ., *Society at the Time of the Buddha*, Bombay, 1996 (2nd revised edition) .
- Thapar , Romila , *Ashoka and the Decline of the Mauryas* , Delhi, 1997 (2nd edition)
- Thapar , Romila , *The Mauryas Revisited* ,Calcutta,1988 .
- Thapar , Romila , ‘From Lineage to State’ in *History and Beyond* , Delhi, 2000.
- Raychaudhury, H.C. ,*The Political History of Ancient India*, Delhi, 1996 (new edition)
- Bryant , E., *The Quest for the Origins of the Vedic Culture*, Delhi, 2000.
- Nandi, R.N. *The Aryans Revisited*, Delhi, 1999.
- Erdosy , G (ed.) *The Indo-Aryans of South Asia :Language , Material Culture and Ethnicity* , Berlin, 1995.
- Trautman , T.R. *Dravidian Kinship* , Cambridge , 1981.
- Roy, Kumkum, *The Emergence of Monarchy in North India*, Delhi, 1994.

- Kosambi, DD , *Introduction to the Study of Indian History* , Bombay, 1956.
- Dumont , L. *Homo Hierarchicus* , Chicago, 1970.
- Bongard Levin , M. , *Mauryan India* , Delhi, 1985.
- Narain , A.K. , *The Indo-Greeks* , Oxford , 1957.
- Mukherjee, B.N. , *The Rise and fall of the Kushana Empire* , Calcutta, 1988.
- Yazadani , G.(ed.) *Early History of the Deccan* , Delhi, 1960.
- Ray , H.P. *Monastery and Guild : Commerce Under the Satavahanas* , Delhi, 1986.
- Champaklakshmi, R. Trade , Ideology, Urbanisation :South India , 300 BC to AD1300 , Delhi, 1996.
- Motichandra , *Trade and Trade Routes of Ancient India* , Delhi, 1977.
- Begley , V. & De Puma, R.D. , *Rome and India* , Delhi, 1992.
- Goyal , S.R , *History of the Imperial Guptas* , Allahabad , 1967.
- Majumdar , R.C. & Altekar , A.S.(ed) *The Vakataka-Gupta Age* , Benaras , 1954.
- Devahuti, D. Hrasha , *A Political Study* , Delhi, 1998 (3rd edition)
- Maity, S.K. *Economic Life in Northern India in the Gupta Period AD300-500* , Calcutta, 1958.
- Prasad , Birendra Nath, ‘Major Trends and Perspectives in Studies in the Functional Dimensions of Indian Monastic Buddhism in the Past One Hundred Years: A Historiographical Survey’ , *Buddhist Studies Review*, Journal of the UK Association for Buddhist Studies, London, Vol. 25(1) , 2008 , pp.54-89.
- Allchin, F.R. (ed.) *Archaeology of Early Historic South Asia, Emergence of Cities and States*, Cambridge University Press , Cambridge, 1995
- Prasad , Birendra Nath , ‘Urbanisation at Early Historic Vaiśālī, c. 600 BCE – 400 CE’ , *Social Science Probings* , Delhi, 2009, pp.21-46.

DH- 103: Medieval India (1206-1707 A.D)

(Credit-05)

Module-I

Foundation of Delhi Sultanate by Qutubudin Aibak; Iltutmish; Balban’s theory of kingship; Alaudin Khaji’s imperialism- Significance and Implications. Administrative and economic reforms by Alaudin Khalji and their impact on state and the people.

Module-II

Mohammad Bin Tughlaq's new orientation of state policies and administrative principles; Firoz Shah; Tughlaq's economic reforms; Lodhi theory of kingship; Art and Architecture under Slave, Khalji, Tughlaq and Lodhi dynasties; Literature; Bhakti saints (Ramanuja, Nanak, Kabir); Sufi Saints- Nizamuddin Aulia.

Module-III

Mughal Empire: Political unification ; new concept of monarchy ; relations with non- Muslim rules. Sur interregnum- administration under Sher Suri. Mughal Polity: nature of the Mughal state; administrative structure. Revenue administration under the Mughals. Manasabdars and Jagirdari systems, military organizations.

Module-IV

Religious Policy under Akbar and Aurangzeb; Deccan policy under Akbar, Jahangir, Shahjahan and Aurangzeb.

Recommended readings

1. *Habib, Mohamad & K.A Nizami (ed.), A Comprehensive History of India, Vol. V 1970.*
2. *Mehta, J.L., Advance Study in Medieval India, Vol. I (1000-1526), 1986*
3. *Srivastava, A.L. The Sultanate of Delhi, 1953.*
4. *Lal, K.S. Twilight of the Sultanate, 1963.*
5. *Habibullah, A.B.M., The Foundation Muslim Rule in India, 1961.*
6. *Lal, K.S., History of the Khaljis.*
7. *Hussain, Agha Mehnadi., History of the Tughlaq Dynasty.*
8. *Banerjee, J.M., History of Firoj Shah Tughlaq.*
9. *Pandey, A.B., First Afghan Empire.*
10. *Quereshi, I.H., Administration of the Sultans of Delhi.*
11. *Nizami, K.A. (ed.), Politics and Society in Early Medieval India*
12. *Brown, P., India Architecture Vol. III, Islamic Architecture.*
13. *Moreland, W.H., From Akbar to Aurangzeb, London, 1963.*
14. *Habib, Irfan, The Agrarian System of Mughal India Bombay, 1963*
15. *Hussain, Yusuf., Glimpses of Medieval India Culture, Bombay, 1962.*
16. *Mehta, J.L., Advance Study in Medieval India, Vol. II (1526-1707), New Delhi, 1981.*
17. *Shekar, J.N., History of Aurangzeb, 5 Volumes,*
18. *Aziz, Abdul. Mansabdari System and the Mughal Army.*
19. *Dey, U.N., Mughal Governm*

DH-104: TWENTIETH CENTURY WORLD

(Credits: 05)

Objectives of the Course: The course is designed to make students understand various developments which took place in the 20th Century after second world war. It also aims to make students aware of the need to understand peace Treaties. It becomes imperative to understand in the wake of globalization and other issue involved with it.

Module 1

Introduction to Industrial Revolution, Legacy of the Nineteenth Century, Growth of capitalism and Imperialism: U.K.; France; Germany; and Japan, Liberalism, Socialism and Nationalism.

Module 2:

World Order up to 1919, Origins of the First World War: its nature; Peace Settlement and its long-term consequences. Making of the Russian Revolution- establishment of a Socialist State; its economic and political aspect.

Module 3:

World Between the two Wars Working of the League of Nations and Collective Security; crisis in capitalism; Great Depression, ideologies of Nazism and Fascism: Germany, Italy and Japan.

Module 4:

Second World War and New Political Order Origins, nature and results of the War. Ideological and political basis of cold War; Pacts and Treaties, Apartheid and Feminism, Disintegration of Socialist block and end of the Cold War.

Readings Recommended

1. Concise History of the Modern world by William Woodruff
2. Glencoe World History by Jackson J. Spielvogel
3. History of the modern World by Jain and Mathur
4. ArjunDev, World History
5. A History of the Modern World by R.R.Plamer, Joel Colten
6. History of modern times: from 1789 to the present day by Doris Mabel Ketelbey
7. The Origins of second World War, A.J.P. Taylor
8. Maurice Dobb, Studies in the Development of Capitalism, London, 1992
9. B. Chatterji, Trade, Triffs and Empire: Lancashire and British policy in India, 1919-1939, Delhi; 10. New York: Oxford University Press, 1992.
10. A History of the World, 1914-91, Eric Hobsbawn, 1996
11. TapanRaychaudhuri et al (ed.), Indian Economy in Nineteenth Century: A Symposium, Delhi, 1969
12. Paul Kennedy, The Rise and Fall of the Great Powers: Economic change & Military conflict from 1500 to 2000

Semester : 2nd

Course Details

| Sl. No. | Course Code | Course Title | Credit | Specify Type of Course- Core/Compulsory or optional/Elective | CBCS (Yes/No) |
|---------|-------------|---------------------------------------|--------|--|---------------|
| 1 | DH - 201 | Capitalism and Colonialism (External) | 5 | Core | No |
| 2 | DH - 202 | Modern India (1757 AD. To 1947 AD.) | 5 | Core | No |
| 3 | DH – 203 | History of Indian Diaspora | 5 | Core | No |
| 4 | DH – 204 | History of Dalits (External) | 5 | Core | No |
| 5 | DH : OE-02 | Indian History and Culture | 4 | optional | Yes |

DH: 201: Capitalism and Colonialism

Credit: 5

Module I—Capitalism and Colonialism

Concepts and Context
Chief Characteristics of Capitalism
Essential features of Colonialism
Capitalism and Colonialism in Global Context
Imperialism

Module II— Growth of Indian Capitalism

Ruin of Indian small scale industries
Causes of the sluggish growth of Indian Capitalism
Role of Indian Capitalists
Colonial Policy vis-a-vis Indian Capitalistic Class
Indian Capitalists and Nationalism

Module III— Impact of Colonialism on Environment

Over exploitation of Natural resources.
Establishment of industries based on Indian Natural Resources and Its Impact on Environment and Ecology

Module IV Colonialism and Socio-Economic Impact

Economic consequences of Colonialism

Social policy during Colonial regime
Reaction by the Congress
Growth of Nationalism

Essential Readings:

B. Chatterji, Trade, Tariffs and Empire: Lancashire and British policy in India, 1919-1939, Delhi; New York: Oxford University Press, 1992.

B.R. Tomlinson, Political Economy of the Raj 1914-1947: The Economics of Decolonization in India, London: Macmillan Press, 1979.

Dharma Kumar (ed.), The Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol. I and II, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1984

D. H. Buchanan, The Development of Capitalistic Enterprise in India

G. Balachandran (ed.), India and the World Economy 1850-1950, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2003.

Maurice Dobb, Studies in the Development of Capitalism, London, 1992

Peter Murgrave, The Early Modern European Economy, New York, 1999

Rajat Ray (ed.) Entrepreneurship and Industry in India, 1800-1947, Delhi, 1994

Tapan Raychaudhuri et al (ed.) *Indian Economy in Nineteenth Century: A symposium*, Delhi, 1969

Recommended Readings

A History of the World, 1914-91, Eric Hobsbawn, 1996,

Encyclopedia Britannica, 2000.

Encyclopedia of Social Science, 1983.

The Struggle for Mastery in Europe, A.J.P. Taylor

The Origins of Second World War, A.J.P. Taylor

History of the Freedom Movement in India Vol-I, Tara Chand

Oxford History of India, Percival Spear,

India Today, R. Palme Dutt.

Indian Unrest, V. Chirol

English Education and the Origin of the Indian Nationalism

Bruce T. Mcully. The Emergence of Indian Nationalism

Competition and Collaboration in the late 19th Century, AnilSeal.

Subaltern Studies Vol I to IV, Ranjit Guha.

The History of the Indian National Congress (1885-1935), B. Pattabhi Sitaramayya.

Peasant Struggle in India, A.R. Desai (ed).

Civil Disturbance during the British Rule in India, S. B. Chaudhri

DH: 202: MODERN INDIA (1757 A.D. TO 1947 A.D)

Credit: 05

Theories on Nationalism: Historiographical Debates on Indian Freedom Movement; Establishment of Indian National Congress- activities of early nationalists, Moderates and Extremists with special references to Gopalakrishna Gkokhale and Bal Gangadhar Talik- Emergence of militant revolutionaries and partition of Bengal and Swadeshi Movement in Bengal.

Module – II (15 Lectures)

Emergence of Mahatma Gandhi in Indian Politics: Philosophy of Gandhi- Role of Gandhi in Non- Cooperation, Civil Disobedience and Quit India Movement- Role of Subhash Chandra Bose and Indian National Army.

Module-III (15 Lectures)

Theories of Communalism: Raise and Growth of Communalism in During the British rule- Emergence of Left Ideology and political activities with special focus on Congress Socialists and Communists.

Module-IV (15 Lectures)

Constitutional History: Evolution of Constitutional reforms in India with special reference to Marlo-Minto of 1909, Mantangue and Chamsford reforms Of 1919, Indian Constitutional Act of 1935; Social roots and class character of Indian Freedom Movement.

Recommended Readings

1). Alousius, G, Nationalism without a Nation in India, Oxford University Press,, New Delhi, 1997

- 2). Argor, Daniel, Moderates and Extremists in the Indian National Movement (1883-1920), 1967
- 3). Bandhu, P.C, History of Indian National Congress (1885-2002), Kalpaz Publications, Delhi, 2003.
- 4). Bipan Chandra and others, Indian's Struggle for Independence, New Delhi, 1988.
- 5). Bipan Chandra, Amal Tripathi, and Brun De, Freedom Struggle, 2007, Ninth edition.
- 6). Dayal Ravi, We Fought together for Freedom: Chapters from Indian National Movement, Delhi, Oxford University Press,
- 7). Desai, A.R, Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Bombay, 1948.
- 8). Hans Peter, India's Freedom Stuggle 1957-1947, (a short story), Oxford University Press, 1988.
- 9). Lovett, V. A, A History of the National Movement, London, 1968.
- 10). Jog, N.G, Builders of Modern India: Lokamanya Bal Gangadhar Talik, 1990.
- 11). Metcalf, B.D, and Metcalf, T.R, A Concise History of India, 2002.
- 12). Partha Sarathi Gupta, Towards Freedom, Documents on the Movement for Independence in India, 1943-1944, Oxford University Press, 1997.
- 13). Sarkar Sumit, Modern India (1885-1947), 1983.
- 14). Sarkar Sumit, Beyond Nationalist Frames, 2002.
- 15). Seal Anil, Emergence of Indian Nationalism.
- 16). Mehrotra, S. R, The Emergence of the Indian National Congress New Delhi, 2004.

DH: 203: HISTORY OF INDIAN DIASPORA

Credit: 5

Objectives of the Course: The Course is intended to instruct learners about the concept of Diaspora in general and Indian Diaspora in Particular. Various theories and issues involved with Diaspora will be taught. At the end of the course students would be able to understand Indian Diaspora comprehensively

Module- I Diaspora

The Concepts; origin, evolution and contemporary usage. Diasporic identities and their nature.

Module- II Stages of Migration

- a. Classical
 - i. Indians abroad in the days of remote antiquity.
 - ii. Early Indian migration; Ceylon and South-East Asia; Central Asia; Iran; and Afghanistan.
 - iii. Merchants, labour and craftsmen in India; South East Asia.
 - iv. Indian Ocean trading system; migration of Indians to East Africa, South-East Asia, Indonesia and West Asia.
- b. Colonial Migration
 - i. Emigration to British Plantation colonies – Fiji, Surinam, Guyana, Mauritius, Malaysia, Trinidad, and South Africa.
- c. Migration in the 20th century
 - i. Migration to Canada and USA in late 19th and early 20th century.
 - ii. Migration between 1920s – 1947.
 - iii. Migration of professionals to the United States, Canada, Australia and other developed nations.
 - iv. Migration to the Gulf countries.

Module- III Categories of Indian Diaspora

- a. Peoples of Indian Origin (PIOs) and Non Resident Indians (NRIs).
- b. Regional, Linguistic, religious, caste divisions.
- c. First generation and second generation divide.

Module- IV Indian Diaspora in Host Society Important Zones

- a. Western countries (USA, UK, Canada)
- b. Caribbean (Trinidad, Guyana, Surinam)
- c. Indian Ocean States (Sri Lanka, Mauritius)
- d. South-East Asia, Fiji
- e. West Asia.

The Indian diaspora in these zones have to be studied with reference to their

- i. Social status
- ii. Race and ethnicity
- iii. Economic, business, professional position Vis-à-vis other ethnic communities
- iv. Political Participation
- v. Cultural, religious and community activities

Module- V Indian Diaspora and Homeland

- a. Cultural, intellectual, religious, economic, political connections.
- b. Influence on domestic politics and foreign policy.
- c. India's Policy towards her diaspora.

- d. Economic, scientific, technological, cultural, and political collaboration and adjustments.

DH- 204: HISTORY OF DALITS

Credit: 05

Module-I

Social stratification and Indian society: Theories of caste system in India- Concept of Dalit from Historical prescriptive. Caste discrimination in an international context.

Module-II

Marginalisation and social exclusion: Literary sources, Rigveda, and other Vedic literature; Ramayana, Mahabharata, Heterodox literature, with special focus on Pali Literature, Manusmriti and socio-economic conditions in South India.

Module-III

Social and Religious conditions of Dalits during Medieval period: Bhakti Movement, with special focus on Ramananda, Kabir, Ravidas, Ghasidas, and Chokka Mela, Influence of Sikhism and Islam on Dalits.

Module-IV

Modernization and Dalits during the British rule: Activities of socio-religious reforms and Christian Missionaries; Role of Dalits in the Freedom Movement: Dalit Panthers and Militant Movement; Contemporary Dalit Movement and quest for Identity, History of Reservation policy, Globalisation and Dalits, Issues relating to Dalit women, Conversion to other religions and status of Dalits.

Recommended Readings:

- 1) Omvedt, Gail, Dalit Visions, Orient Longman, Hyderabad, 1995
- 2) Omvedt, Gail, Dalits and the Democratic Revolution: Dr. Ambedkar and the Dalit Movement in Colonial India, Sage, New Delhi, 1994.
- 3) Zelliott, Eleanor, From Untouchable to Dalits. Manohar,. New Delhi. 1992.
- 4) Joshi, Barbara R, Untouchable: Voice of Dalit Liberation Movement. Zes and MRG, London, 1986.
- 5) Bains, P. S, Socio-Economjc Problems and Rights of SC/ST and BOC Bains, Dehradun, 1990.
- 6) Illiah, Kancha, Why I am not a Hindu: A Shudra Critique of Hindutva Philosophy. Culture and Political Economy, Samya, Calcutta, 1990.
- 7) Kamble, J. R, Raise and Awakening of the Depressed Classes in India, National Publishing House, 1979.

- 8) Kamble, N.D, Deprived Castes and Their Struggle for Equality. Ashish Publishing House, New Delhi, 1983.
- 9) Mahar, Michael, (ed), The Untouchable in Contemporary India, University of Arizona Press, 1972
- 10) Murugkar, Lata, Dalit Panther Movement in Maharashtra : A Sociological Appraisal, Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1991
- 11) Pendse, Sandeep (ed), At Cross Roads: Dalit Movement Today, Vikas Abhyayan, Bombay, 1994.
- 12) Ram, Jagjiven, Untouchables United and Fight for Revolution, Calcutta.
- 13) Fernandes W, (ed), The Emergence of Dalit identity: The Reservation for Subalterns, Indian Social Institute, Delhi, 1996.
- 14) Robb, Peter, (ed), Dalit Movements and the Meanings of Labor in India, Oxford University Press, 1993.
- 15) Freeman, James M, Untouchable: An Indian Life History, Allen and Unwin, Londoan, 1979.
- 16) Galanter, M, Competing Equalities: Law and Backward Classes in India, University of California Press, Berkeley, 1984.
- 17) Jogdand, P.O, Dalit Movement in Maharashtra, Kanmak Publications, New Delhi, 1991.
- 18) Jogdand, P.G, (ed), Dalit Women: Issues and Perspectives, Gyan Publications, New Delhi, 1995.
- 19) Khan, MA, Social Legislations and Civil Rights of Scheduled Castes in India, Uppal, New Delhi, 1993.
- 20) Nagraj, D.R, The Flaming Feet: A Study of Dalit Movements in India, South Forum Press, Bangalore, 1993.
- 21) Pinto, A, Dalit Christians: A Socio-Economic Survey, Ashirwad, Bangalore, 1992.
- 22) K.S. Singh, The Scheduled Castes, Peoples of India Series, Vol. 11, OUP, Delhi, 1995.
- 23) Satyamurthi, (ed), Region, Religion, Caste, Gender, and Culture in Contemporary India, OUP, Delhi, 1996.
- 24) Massey, James (ed), Indigenous People: Dalits, ISPCK, Delhi, 1998.
- 25) Dutt, RC, Civilization in the Buddhist Age, D K Publishers, New Delhi, 1990.
- 26) Theertha, Swami Dherma, History of Hindu Imperialism, Dalit Educational Literature Center, Madras, 1992.
- 27) Srivastava, Suresh, N, Harijans in Indian Society, S.Chand Company, New Delhi, 1980.
- 28) Shanna, R..S, Some Economic Aspects of Caste System in Ancient India, Patna, 1954.
- 29) Moon Vasant (ed), Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar writings and Speeches,

Vol-I (Castes in India: Annihilation of Caste)

Vol II (Philosophy of Hinduism: Revolution and Counter Revolution)

Vol-IV (Riddles in Hinduism)

Vol- V (Essays on Untouchables and Untouchability)

Vol VII (Who were the Shudras: the Untouchables)

- 30) Basham A.L, History and Doctrines of the Ajivikas, London, 1951.
- 31) Law, B.C, Tribes in Ancient India Poona, 1943.
- 32) Law BC, India as Described in Early Texts of Buddhism and Jainism, London, 1941.
- 33) Sankalia H.D, Ramayana. Myth or Reality? Peoples' Publishing House,
- 34) Vishwanatha,Mallaiiah,Globalisation and Dalits:Magnitude and Impact,New Delhi,2009.
- 35) Rao Chinna Yagati,Dalits Struggle for Identity: Andhra and Hyderabad 1900-1950,Kanishka Publishers,Distributors,2003
- 36) Karakoti Sudhakar ed.,Exclusion and Discrimination ,Concepts Perspectives and Challenges, Kanishka Publishers, 2010.
- 37) Jaffrelot Christophe, Dr Ambedkar and Untouchability ; Analysing and Fighting Caste,2000,UK,C Hurst &Co.(Publishing)Ltd.
- 38) Mani Ranjan Brij, Debrahmanising History,Dominance and Resistance in Indian Society, Manohar Publishers, 2005,New Delhi.
- 39) Jogdand PG,New Economic Policy and Dalits,Rawat Publications,Jaipur,2000.
- 40) Das Bhagwan, Moments in History of Reservations,EPW,Oct 28,2000
- 41) Rao Anupama,Gender and Caste,Issues in Contemporary Indian Feminism,Kali for women,2003,New Delhi.
- 42) Aloysius Irudayam SJ&others Dalit Women speak out,Voll&2,Study Report,2006,published by National Campaign on Dalit Human Rights,National Federation of Dalit Women,Institute of Development Education,Action and Studies.
- 43) Shah Ghanshyam,Dalit Identity and Politics,Sage Publications,New Delhi,2001.
- 44) Rao Chinna Yagati,Dalits Struggle for Identity: Andhra and Hyderabad 1900-1950,Kanishka Publishers,Distributors,2003
- 45) Karakoti Sudhakar ed.,Exclusion and Discrimination ,Concepts Perspectives and Challenges, Kanishka Publishers, 2010.
- 46) Jaffrelot Christophe, Dr Ambedkar and Untouchability ; Analysing and Fighting Caste,2000,UK,C Hurst &Co.(Publishing)Ltd.
- 47) Mani Ranjan Brij, Debrahmanising History,Dominance and Resistance in Indian Society, Manohar Publishers, 2005,New Delhi.
- 48) Jogdand PG,New Economic Policy and Dalits,Rawat Publications,Jaipur,2000.
- 49) Das Bhagwan, Moments in History of Reservations,EPW,Oct 28,2000

- 50) Rao Anupama, Gender and Caste, Issues in Contemporary Indian Feminism, Kali for women, 2003, New Delhi.
- 51) Aloysius Irudayam SJ & others Dalit Women speak out, Vol 1 & 2, Study Report, 2006, published by National Campaign on Dalit Human Rights, National Federation of Dalit Women, Institute of Development Education, Action and Studies.
- 52) Shah Ghanshyam, Dalit Identity and Politics, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2001.

Course Name: Indian History and Culture

Number of credits: 4

Nature of course: Optional (for CBCS IInd Semester)

Aim of the course: The aim of the course is to acquaint students with the basic understanding of the History and Cultural of the India.

Objectives of the course:

- To critically examine the various facets of historical development in India
- To explore the different dimension of Indian Culture
- To understand the growth of some of the major developments like urbanization, state formation and feudalism
- To demystify various aspects related to this topic
- To know the progress of civilization through the ages

Syllabus:

Module 1: Overview of Ancient Indian Culture

1. Indian Prehistory
2. Harappan Culture
3. Vedic Culture
4. Buddhism and Jainism

Module 2: Ancient India

1. Urbanization and State formation
2. Major Dynasties of Ancient India
3. Foreign Invasions
4. Sangam Age

Module 3: Medieval India

1. Feudalism
2. Delhi Sultanate and the Mughals

3. Bhakti and Sufi Movements
4. Vijaynagar Empire

Module 4: Indian Renaissance and Freedom Struggle

1. British Policies and Indian Society
2. Indian Renaissance
3. Freedom Struggle

References:

1. Adams, R. McC. (1966). *The evolution of urban society*, Chicago: Aldine
2. Alam, Muzaffar and Subramaniam, (eds), *The Mughal State, 1526-1750*, (New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1998).
3. Altekar, A.S. (1956). *The Position of Women in Hindu Civilisation*, second revised edition, Delhi: Motilal Banarasi Das.
4. Auboyer, Jeanine: (1961). *Daily Life in Ancient India from Approximately 200 BC – AD 700*, London.
5. Basham, A.L.(1992). *The Wonder That Was India*, Delhi: Rupa and Co.
6. C.A. Bayly, *Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1988
7. Chakrabarti, Dilip K. 2006. *The Oxford Companion to Indian Archaeology: The Archaeological Foundations of Ancient India, Stone Age to AD 13th Century*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, chapters 17, 18.
8. Champakalakshmi, R. 1996. *Trade, Ideology and Urbanization: South India 300 BC to AD 1300*. Delhi: Oxford University Press.
9. Chattopadhyaya, B.D., *The Making of Early Medieval India*, (Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997 reprint).
10. Gurukul, Rajan. (2010). *Social Formations of Early South India*. New Delhi: Oxford: University Press.
11. Jackson, Peter, *The Delhi Sultanate: a Political and Military History*, (Cambridge: University Press, 1999).
12. Krishnamachariar. M. (2004). *History of Classical Sanskrit Literature*, Delhi: Motilal Banarasi Das.
13. Kulke, H. and B.P. Sahu, 2018. *History of Precolonial India: Issues and Debates*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press,
14. Singh, Upinder, 2009. *A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India: from the Stone Age to the 12th century*, Delhi: Pearson Longman.
15. White, Lynn, JR. (1974). *Medieval Technology and Social Change*, London, Oxford University Press.

Semester : 3rd
Course Details

| Sl. No. | Course Code | Course Title | Credit | Specify Type of Course- Core/Compulsory or optional/Elective | CBCS (Yes/No) |
|---------|-------------|---|--------|--|---------------|
| 1 | DH-301 | Mass Movements during British Rule | 06 | Core | No |
| 2 | DH-302 | Ambedkar's Ideas on History | 06 | Core | No |
| 3 | DH-303 | Environmental History of India | 06 | Core | No |
| 4 | DH-304 | Business History of India (A.D 1700-1991) | 06 | Core | No |

DH: 301: MASS MOVEMENTS DURING BRITISH RULE

Credit-06

Module-I

Colonialism and Tribes: Nature of Modernization in the tribal areas and its impact on life world of tribes- Nature and character of tribal Movements.

Module-II

British rule and its impact on Social Structure in India: Emergence of Caste Movements in colonial India with special reference to South India and Maharashtra- Causes, character and consequences of the caste movements during British rule India.

Module-III

Impact of the British rule on Agrarian Structures in India; Nature and Character of Peasants Movements in Colonial India with special reference to the Activities of the Kisan Sabha Movement.

Module-IV

Emergence of Labor Movements during the British rule- Role of Congress and Left parties in organizing industrial workers movements.

Recommended Readings

1. Chaudhary, S. B, Civil Disturbances during the British rule in India (1765-1857), Calcutta, 1955.

2. Omvedt, Gail, Cultural Revolt in a Colonial Society: The non-Brahman Movement in Western India, (1873-1930), Bombay, 1976.
3. Sarkar Sumit, Modern India, (1885-1947), New Delhi, 1983.
4. Ranajit Guha, Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in Colonial India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1992.
5. Sarkar, Sumit, Popular Movements and Middle Class Leadership, in late colonial India, Calcutta, 1983.
6. Desai, A.R, Peasant Struggle in India, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1979.
7. Guha Ramachandra, Unquiet Woods: Ecological Change and Peasant Resistance in the Himalayas, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1989.
8. Kumar, Kapil, (ed), Congress and Class: Nationalism, Peasants and Workers, Monohar, New Delhi, 1987.
9. Panikkar, K. N, (ed), Nationalism and left Movements in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1980.
10. Chaudhuri, B. B, and Arun, B, (ed), Tribes Forests, and Social Formation in Indian History, Monohar, New Delhi, 2004

DH: 302: AMBEDKAR'S IDEAS ON HISTORY

Credit-06

Module I

History of Ancient India as Revolution and counter Revolution; State of the Aryan society, Priesthood' Buddha and Reform, Decline and fall of Buddhism; Triumph of Brahmanism and Manusmriti, Krishna and Gita; versus Kshatriyas; Shudras and Counter Revolution. His idea of filling gaps in history; concept of ideal historian.

Module II

Hindu social order in Ancient India: Its essential Principles, unique features, Hindu symbols, Four Varnas (shudras), untouchables and untouchability, Annihilation of caste.

Module III

Hindu Religion in Historical point of view; Riddles in Hinduism, Rama and Krishna; Gautam Buddha as a historical personality on the basis of "Buddha and His Dhamma"

Module IV

New trends in Ambedkarite Historical point of view; Re- construction of History, Dalit history and culture based on written and oral tradition, Untouchables as aboriginal tribes: Archaeological sources of pre- historical period and literary sources (Vedic and Pali Literature).

Recommended Readings:

1. Srivastava, Suresh, Hsrijansin Indian society, S.chand Company (Pvt.) Ltd., New Delhi, 1980.
2. Mukherjee, Prabhat, Beyond the Four Varnas, the Untouchables in India, Delhi, 1988.
3. Dutt, N.K., Origin and Growth of Caste in India.

DH-303 : ENVIRONMENTLA HISTORY OF INDIA**Credit-06****Objective of the Course**

The main objective of the course is to equip students with basic understating on the relation between human beings and ecosystem in general and the relation between environment and history in particular. The course also imparts critical training to students on historical approach to understand human induced environmental problems, which have come along with the progress of human civilization in time and space. The course is highly interdisciplinary in nature and incorporates several concepts from different academic disciplines to provide a comprehensive package to the students interested in ecological themes at global level in general and subcontinent in particular.

Module-I

Definition, Scope, Nature and Purpose of Environmental History- Interplay of Nature, Culture and History- History and its Relation with Political Ecology, Human Ecology, Social Ecology, Cultural Ecology and Environmental Economics.

Module-II

Evolution of Ecological Thought, Greek, Chines and South Asian- Ecological Conservation ideas, of Buddha, Cnaries Darwin, Karl Marx, John Muir, Gandhian Ecology, and Vandana Shiva.

Module-III

Ecological Interpretation to Indian History- Imperialist School, Nationalist School, and Liberal School-Ideological Dynamics of Interpretations and Implications on Environmental History Writings in India- Nature of Ecological Transformation during the British Colonial

Rule- Colonial State Policies- Forest Policy, Water Policy, Wildlife Management Policy- Mining Policy, and History of Botanical Gardens.

Module- IV

Socio-Ecological Movements During the British Rule-Tribal and Peasant Movements Against Forest, Wildlife and Water Policies- Nature and Method of Protest- Ecological Nationalism During the Freedom Movement in India.

Select Bibliography

- 1). Agrval Arun, *Environmentality: Technologies of Government and the Making of Subjects*, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2005.
- 2). Arnold David and Ramachandra Guha (ed), *Nature, Culture, Imperialism: Essays on the Environmental History of South Asia*, OUP, New Delhi, 1996.
- 3). Chaudhuri B.B. and Arun Bandopadhyaya, (ed). *Tribes, Forest and Social Formation in Indian History*, Manohar, 2005.
- 4). Crosby, Alfred, *Ecological Imperialism: The Biological Expansion of Europe, 900- 1900*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1986.
- 5). Daniel Klingensmith, *One Valley and A Thousand: Dams, Nationalism and Development*, Oxford University Press, 2006.
- 6). Dunlap, Thomas, *Nature and the English Diaspora; Environment and History in the United States, Canada, Australia and New Zealand*, CUP, Cambridge, 1999.
- 7). Dwived, A.P., *Forestry in India*, Jugal Kishore and Co, Dehradun, 1980.
- 8). Foster, J.B., *Marx's Ecology; Materialism and Nature*, Cornerstone Publications, Kharagpur, India, 2001.
- 9). Gadgil Madhiv and Guha Ramachandra, *This Fissure Land: An Ecological History of India*, OUP, New Delhi, 1992.
- 10). Gadgil Madhiv and Guha, Ramachandra, *Ecology and Equity, the use and Abuse of Nature in Contemporary India*, Penguin Books, New Delhi, 1995.
- 11). Greenough Poul and Lowenhaupt Tsing Anna, (ed.), *Nature in the Global South: Environmental Projects in South and South-East Asia*, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 2004.
- 12). Grove, R.H., *Green Imperialism: Conservation and colonial Expansion, 1600-1860*, Cambridge University Press, Indian Prints, New Delhi, 1995.
- 13). Grove, R.H., *Ecology, Climate and Empire: Indian Legacy in Global Environmental History*, OUP, New Delhi, 1998.

- 14). ----, Damodaran, Vineta and Sangwan, Saptal, (ed.), *Nature and Orient: The Environmental History of South and South -East Asia*, OUP, New Delhi, 1998.
- 15). Guha Ramachandra., *The Unquietwoods: Ecological Change and Peasant Resistance in the Himalaya*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1989.
- 16). Guha, Sumit, *Ecology and Ethnicity in India, c.1200-1991*, Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, Indian Prints, 1999.
- 17). Joffery, R and Sundar, N., *New Moral Economy for India's Forests? Discourses on Community and Participation*, Sage, New Delhi, 1999.
- 18). Jeffery Roger (ed.), *Social Construction of the India Forests*, Monohar, New Delhi, 1998.
- 19). John Briscore and R.P.S. , John Briscore and R.P.S. Malik, *India's Water Economy*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2007.
- 20). John Martinez Alier, *The Environmentalism of the Poor: A Study of Ecological Conflicts and Valuation*, Oxford University Press, 2006.
- 21). Philip, Kavita, *Civilising Natures, Race, Resources and Modernity in Colonial South India*, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 2003.
- 22). Poffenberger, M, McGreen, B, (ed.), *Village, Voice, Forest Choices: Joint Forest Management in India*, OUP, New Delhi, 1996.
- 23). Rangarajan Mahesh., *Fencing the Forests; Conservation and Ecological Change in India's Central Provinces, 1860-1914*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1996.
- 24). Rangan, Haripriya, *Of Myth and Movements: Writings Chipko into Himalayan History*, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2001.
- 25). Sabrwal Vasant, *Pastoral Politics Shepherds Bureaucrats and Conservation in the Western Himalaya*, OUP, Delhi, 1999.
- 26). Sabrwal Vasant abnd Vasant Chetree, *Democratizing Nature: Politics, Conservation and Development*, Oxford University Press, 2006.
- 27). Sagreya, K.P., *Forest and Forestry in India*, National Book Trust, New, Delhi, 1967.
- 28). Satya Laxman, *Ecology, Colonialism and Cattle: Central India in 19th Century*, Oxford University Press, 2005.
- 29). Sen, Geeti, (ed.), *Indigenous Vision: People of India Attitudes to Environment*, Sage New Delhi, 1992.
- 30). Shiva, Vandana and Bondyopadhyaya, J., *Chipko: India's Response to the Forest Crisis*, OUP, New Delhi, 1985.

- 31). Simmons. I.G., *Environmental History; A Concise Introduction*, Blackwell, Oxford University Press, 1993.
- 32). Sivaramakrishnan, K., *Modern Forests, State Making Environmental Change in South West Bengal*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1999.
- 33). Worster, Donald (ed.), *The Ends of the Earth: Perspectives on Modern Environmental History*, CUP, 1988.
- 34). Worster, Donald, *Nature's Economy; A History of Ecological Ideas*, Cambridge University Press, 1977.

Articles

- 35) Burman, Roy, KT., "Sacred Groves", *Journal of Human Ecology*, Vol, 6, No.4, 1995.
- 36). Fay, Brian, "Environmental History; Nature at Work", *History and Theory*, Vol. 42, No. 4, December 2003, pp. 1-4.
- 37) Gadgil, Madhiv, "Towards an Ecological History of India", in *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. xx, No. 45-46 and 47, 1985, pp.1909-13.
- 38) Allchin, B, Allchin, E.R, and Thaper, B.K, (ed.), *Conservation of the Indian Heritage*, Cosmo Publications, New Delhi, 1989.
- 39) Guha, Ramachandra, "Pre-History of Indian Environmentalism: An Intellectual Tradition", *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 20, No. 45-7, November 1985, pp.1939-52.
- 40) Do "Writing Environmental History in India", in *Studies in History*, Vol.9, No.1.4, Jan-June, 1993, pp.119-150.
- 41) Hardin, G., "The Tragedy of the Commons", *Science*, 1962, pp.1243-8.
- 42) McNeill, J.R., "Observations on the Nature and Culture of Environmental History", *History and Theory*, Vol. 42, No. 4, December 2003, pp. 5-44.
- 43) Murali, Atlury, "Alluri Sitarama Raju and the Manyam- Rebellion of 1922-24", in *Social Scientist*, Vol, 131, April 1984.
- 44). Do "Whose Tress? Forest Practices and Local Communities in Andhra, 1600-1922", in Arnold David and Guha, R, (ed.) *Nature Culture Imperialism*, OUP, New Delhi, 1995, pp. 50-86.
- 45). Rangarajan Mahesh, "Environmental Histories of South Asia: A Review essay", *Environment and History*, Vol.2, No. 2, 1996, pp.129-44.
- 46). Do "The Raj and the Natural World: The war against 'dangerous beasts' in colonial India", *Studies in History*, Vol.14, No.2, 1998, pp. 265-299.
47. Rodgers, W.A., "Environmentalism Change and the Evolution of Pastoralism in South Asia", *Studies in History*, Vol. 7, 1991.

48. Rome, Adam, "What Really Matters in History: Environmental Perspectives on Modern America", *Environmental History*, Vol.7, No.2, 2002, pp. 303-18.

49). Stewarat, A, Mart, "Environmental History: Profile of a Developing Field", *The History Teacher*, Vo. 31, No.3, May 1998, pp. 351-368.

50). Stroud, Ellen, "Does Nature Always Matters? Following Dirt through History", *History and Theory*, Vol. 42, No. 4, December 2003, pp. 75-81.

DH: 304: BUSINESS HISTORY OF INDIA (AD 1700-1991)

Credit-06

Objectives

The paper on 'Business History of India' is to study economic aspects of society in the past; the history of economic use of resources, land, labour, and capital; the examination of past performance of the economies. It is to be remembered that economic theory has a very live connection with historical experience and empirical observation. It is no doubt true that economic theory as being thought in our curricula has primarily emanated from and developed in the context of the western world. And attempt has made not to treat the subject not as a chronicle of events or enumeration of facts but to treat the subject of economic change in analytical term.

Unit 1: Background: Business in Pre-colonial India

- a)Caste and Business Communities
- b) Manufactures and trade-Internal and External, Surat as trade centre.
- c) Credit and Indigenous banking
- d) Potentialities of capitalist growth

Unit 2: Trade and East India Company

- a) European trading Interests in India
- b) The EIC and trade and manufactures in mid 18th century and early19thcentury
- c) British private trade in the 18th century

Unit 3: Trade, Credit and Agency Houses

- a) European Agency Houses in late 18thcentury and mid 19thcentury.
- b) Currency credit and indigenous bankers,1800-1850
- c) Origins and Growth of Managing Agencies-New Industries and Technology

Unit 4:Expansion of Trade and Business

- a) Reform of corporate law, railways and telegraphs-their impact on business and trade
- b) Emergence of Modern Banking:Presidency banks and Exchange Banks
- c) History of the Presidency Banks of Bengal, Madras and Bombay-1800-1921
- d) Growth of European Managing Agency firms, European Chambers of Commerce
- e) Decline of European Managing Agency Houses

Unit 5: New Merchant Communities-1800-1914

- a) Indigenous Bankers-1850-1947
- b) Growth of Banking-Imperial Bank,Reserve Bank,and State Bank.Rise of new Industrial Houses-Tata,Birla,SriRam and others;Indian Chambers of Commerce;business and politics-1914-1947;conflict of European and Indian business interests.
- c) National Planning Committee; Bombay Plan,Five Year Plan,Government Industrial Policy
- d) Growth of Business,1947-1990,technical innovations
- e) Multinationals

Reading List:

Essential Readings

- 1) The Story of Indian Business Series/Gurcharan Das,Thomas R Trautman,Penguin Books India,2012
- 2) The East India Company:The Worlds Most powerful Corporation,Tirthankar Roy,Penguin Books,India,2012
- 3) The Oxford History of Indian Business, Dwijendra Tripathi,Newyork,2004
- 4) The Concise Oxford History of Indian Business, Dwijendra Tripathi, Jyoti Jumani,Oxford UniversityPress,2007
- 5) Business Communities of India :a historical perspective, Dwijendra Tripathi,Manohar,1984
- 6) Cambridge Economic History of India,Vol 1, c 1200-c1750,Cambridge University Press,1982,Great Britain

7) An Economic History of India: From Pre-Colonial Times to 1991, by Dietmar Rothermund, Routledge, 1993, London

8) Datt, Raddar; Sundharam, K.P.M. (2009). Indian Economy. New Delhi: S. Chand Group. p. 976. ISBN 978-81-219-0298-4.

9) Drèze, John; Sen, Amartya (1996). India: Economic Development and Social Opportunity. Oxford University Press. p. 292. ISBN 978-0-19-564082-3.

10) Kumar, Dharma (2005). The Cambridge Economic History of India, Volume II : c. 1757–2003. New Delhi: Orient Longman. p. 1115. ISBN 978-81-250-2710-2.

11) Nehru, Jawaharlal (1946). The Discovery of India. Penguin Books. ISBN 0-14-303103-1.

12) Panagariya, Arvind (2008). India: The Emerging Giant. Oxford University Press. p. 514. ISBN 978-0-19-531503-5.

13) Raychaudhuri, Tapan; Habib, Irfan (2004). The Cambridge Economic History of India, Volume I : c. 1200 – c. 1750. New Delhi: Orient Longman. p. 543. ISBN 978-81-250-2709-6.

14) Roy, Tirthankar (2006). The Economic History of India 1857–1947. Oxford University Press. p. 385. ISBN 978-0-19-568430-8.

Recommended Readings

Articles

1) "Growth of India". Retrieved 2005-08-10.

2) "Milton Friedman on the Nehru/Mahalanobis Plan". Retrieved 2005-07-16.

3) "Infrastructure in India: Requirements and favourable climate for foreign investment". Retrieved 2005-08-14.

4) Bernardi, Luigi and Fraschini, Angela (2005). "Tax System And Tax Reforms in India". Working paper n. 51.

5) Centre for Media Studies (2005). "India Corruption Study 2005: To Improve Governance Volume – I: Key Highlights" (PDF). Transparency International India. Retrieved 2009-06-21.

6) Ghosh, Jayati. "Bank Nationalisation: The Record". *Macroscan*. Retrieved 2005-08-05.

7) Gordon, Jim and Gupta, Poonam (2003). "Understanding India's Services Revolution" (PDF). 12 November 2003. Retrieved 2009-06-21.

- 8)Panagariya, Arvind (2004). "India in the 1980s and 1990s: A Triumph of Reforms".
- 9)Sachs, D. Jeffrey; Bajpai, Nirupam and Ramiah, Ananthi (2002). "Understanding Regional Economic Growth in India" (PDF). Working paper 88. Archived from the original (PDF) on 1 July 2007.
- 10)Srinivasan, T.N. (2002). "Economic Reforms and Global Integration" (PDF). 17 January 2002. Retrieved 2009-06-21.
- 11)Kurian, N.J. "Regional disparities in india". Retrieved 2005-08-06.
- 12)Ravinder Kaur (2012). "India Inc. and its Moral Discontent". Economic and Political Weekly.
- 13)Ravinder Kaur (2015). "Good Times, Brought to you by Brand Modi".
- 14) European Commercial Enterprise in Pre-Colonial India, Volume 2, by Om Prakash,Cambridge University Press, 28-Jun-1998
- 15) The Economy of Modern India, 1860-1970,by B. R. Tomlinson, Cambridge University Press, 24-Oct-1996

Government of India websites

- 1) Ministry of Finance, Government of India
- 2) Department of Commerce, Government of India
- 3) Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion
- 4) Office of the Economic Adviser
- 5) India in Business- Official website for Investment and Trade in India
- 6) Union Budget & Economic Survey
- 7) Income Tax Department of India
- 8) Central Board of Excise and Customs
- 9) Reserve Bank of India's database on the Indian economy

Semester : 4th

Course Details

| Sl. No. | Course Code | Course Title | Credit | Specify Type of Course- Core/Compulsory or optional/Elective | CBCS (Yes/No) |
|---------|-------------|--|--------|--|---------------|
| 1 | DH - 401 | Modern Social Thinkers | 06 | Core | No |
| 2 | DH - 402 | Ambedkar's Social and Political Movements | 06 | Core | No |
| 3 | DH - 403 | Revolutions in the Modern World | 06 | Core | No |
| 4 | DH - 404 | Historical Application in Tourism (External) | 06 | Core | No |

DH – 401: MODERN SOCIAL THINKERS

Credit: 06

Module: I

Perspectives on social movement and social change

- a. Introduction to: social thought,
- b. Social class,
- c. Social structure and social change

Module: II

The *Guru* and his Disciple and the Making of Non-Brahman and Dalit Movements in Bombay Presidency:

- a. Jotiba Phule: Making of counter cultures through creative literature (with special reference to *Gulamgiri & Sarvajanic Satyadharma Pustak*); educational philosophy and practice; advocating the cause of women; Satyashodhak Samaj
- A. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar: Life and careers; views on genesis of caste, and slavery, views on nationalism; as an institution builder.

Module: III

Non-Brahman Philosophers in Madras Presidency:

- A. The early path breaker: IyotheeThaas.
- B. E.V. RamasamiNaicker: Early public life; as a maker and consolidator of Self-Respect Movement; views on women, and Hindu and non-Hindu religions.
- C. Narayana Guru and the socio-spiritual empowerment of non-Brahmans.
- D. MaulaviMumtaaz Ali and his thoughts on Women upliftment

Module: IV

Women Intellectual-activists in Colonial India:

- A. SavitribaiPhule.
- B. PanditaRamabaiSaraswati.
- C. DurgabaiDeshmukh.
- D. RouquiyaSakhawatHussain

Reading List

Rao MSA, "Social movements and social transformations"

M.S.Gore, "Social aspects of development"

Andre Beteille, "Inequality and social change"

M.N. Srinivasa, "Social Change in modern India"

Aloysius, G., *Nationalism without a Nation in India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1997.

_____ *Interpreting Kerala's Social Development*, Critical Quest, New Delhi, 2005.

_____ *Dalit-Subaltern Self-Identifications: IyotheeThassar and Tamizhan*, Critical Quest, New Delhi, 2010.

Anandhi, S., 'Women's Question in the Dravidian Movement c. 1925-1948', *Social Scientist*, 1991.

Chakravarti, Uma, *Re-Writing History: The Life and Times of PanditaRamabai*, Kali for Women, New Delhi, 1998.

Deshmukh, Durgabai, *Chintaman and I*, Allied Publishers, Hyderabad, 1980.

Deshmukh, Durgabai, *The Stone that Speaketh* (2 volumes), Andhra MahilaSabha, Hyderabad, 1980.

Deshpande, G.P. ed., *Selected Writings of JotiraoPhule*, Left Word, New Delhi, 2002.

Geetha, V. and Rajadurai, S. V., *Towards a Non-Brahmin Millennium: From IyotheeThass to Periyar*, Samya, Calcutta, 1998.

Jaffrelot, Christophe, *Analysing and Fighting Caste: DrAmbedkar and Untouchability*, Permanent Black, Delhi, 2005.

Keer, Dhananjay, *Mahatma JotiraoPhooley: Father of Indian Social Revolution*, Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1997 (1964)

Mani, BrajRanjan, *Debrahmanising History: Dominance and Resistance in Indian Society*, Manohar, New Delhi, 2005.

MenonDilip M., *The Blindness of Insight: Essays on Caste in Modern India*, Navayana, Pondicherry, 2006.

Naik, J. V., *Mahatma JyotiraoPhule: Crusader for Social Justice*, Indian History Congress, 2004.

Omana, S., *SreeNarayana Guru*, Critical Quest, New Delhi, 2005.

O'Hanlon, Rosalind, *Caste, Conflict and Ideology: Mahatma JotiraoPhule and Low Caste Protest in Nineteenth-Century Western India*, Permanent Black, Ranikhet, 1985.

Omvedt, Gail, *Dalits and the Democratic Revolution: Dr. Ambedkar and the Dalit Movement in Colonial India*, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 1994.

_____ *Dalit Visions*, Orient Longman, 1995.

_____ *Ambedkar: Towards an Enlightened India*, Penguin, 2004.

_____ *Understanding Caste: From Buddha to Ambedkar and Beyond*, Orient BlackSwan, 2011.

_____ *Seeking Begumpura: The Social Vision of Anti-Caste Intellectuals*, Navayana, New Delhi, 2008.

_____ 'JotiraoPhule and the Ideology of Social Revolution in India', *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 6, No. 37 (Sep. 11, 1971), pp. 1969-1979.

Veeramani, K. (Compiled), *Collected Works of Periyar E.V.R.*, ThePeriyar Self-Respect Propaganda Institution, Chennai, 2005 (1981)

YagatiChinnaRao, *Dalits' Struggle for Identity*, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 2003.

Zelliot, Eleanor, *From Untouchable to Dalit: Essays on the Ambedkar Movement*, Manohar, New Delhi, 2005.

DH – 402: Ambedkar's Social and Political Movements

Credit: 06

Module I

India at the of Dr. Ambedkar's births; Early life and education; Higher education in India and abroad; his return to India; his engagements teaching/ employment/ humiliation at the hands of colleagues and subordinates; struggle against untouchability.

Module II

Round Table conference; Differences with M.K. Gandhi; Poona Pact; Labour movements & Minorities; Father of Indian Constitution; Author of Hindu Code Bill: resignation from Nehru Cabinet as the first Law minister.

Module III

Ambedkar's role in freedom struggle; Leader of Social Movements: Dalits, Women & Minorities; Father of Indian Constitution; Author of Hindu Code Bill: resignation from Nehru Cabinet as the first Law minister.

Module IV

Rift with Marxists and independent Dalit leadership; His contribution to party policies and mass media: His role in Post Independent India; embracing the Buddhism with followers; Ambedkar as an architect of Modern India.

Recommended Readings-

1. Keer, Dhananjaya, Dr. Ambedkar life and mission, popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1962.
2. Baisantry, D.K., Ambedkar, the total revolutionary, Segment Book Distributors, New Delhi, 1991.
3. Bhagwan Das, Thus Spoke Ambedkar, Bheem Patrika Publication, Jullundar, 1963.
4. Shankaranand Sastri, My memories and experiences of Babasaheb Dr. B. R. Ambedkar & his contribution, Bhimsadan, Raja Nagar, Ghaziabad, 1989.
5. Rattu, Nanakchand., Last few years of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, New Delhi.
6. Rattu, Nanakchand, Reminisces and Remembrances of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, 1995, Delhi.
7. Gore, M.s., the Social context of an Ideology (Ambedkar's Political and social Thoughts), New Delhi, 1993.
8. Chitakara, M.G., Dr. Ambedkar Towards Buddhism, APH, New Delhi, 1997.
9. Singh, A.D., Dr. Ambedkar Thoughts and Role in the Nation Building Mathura, 1997.
10. Kuber, W.N. Ambedkar A. Critical study, P.P. House, Bombay, 1973
11. Kuber, W.N. Building of Modern India: B.R. Ambedkar, Publication Division, Govt, of India, New Delhi, 1978.
12. Prem Prakash, Ambedkar- Politics and Scheduled Castes, Ashish Publishing House, New Delhim, 1993.
13. C.Bharill, social and Political ideas of B.R. Ambedkar, Aalekh, Jiapur 1997.
14. Rajasekhariah, A.M., Dr. Ambedkar and the Politics of Emancipation, Sindhu Publication, Bombay, 1971.
15. Jeanlte, Bobbin., Dr. Ambedkar and his movement, Dr. Ambedkar Publication Society, Hyderabad, 1964.
16. Jatava, D.R., Dr. Ambedkar's Role in Nation Movements, Buddha Shitya Sammelan, New Delhi, 1979.

17. Kadam, K.N., Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar and the Significance of his movement, Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1983.

DH – 403: Revolutions in the Modern World

Credit: 06

Objective of Course

The main objective of Course is to impart ideas on emergence of modern world anchored by revolutions in Euro-American world and its impact upon colonized societies with particular reference to India.

Module: I

Emergence of modern world: renaissance, humanism, reformation, enlightenment, mercantilism, nation state, agriculture revolution, emergence of capitalism

Module-II

Europe Colonisation process, nature of colonization, American war of independence, causes consequences and Significance.

Module-III

Origins of French revolution: causes, consequences, historiography of French revolution, Napoleonic era, its importance in world history-industrial revolution, significance.

Module-IV

History of Russian revolution: causes, consequences, Soviet Republic and economic policy, Lenin and Stalin.

Recommended:

- 1). Cobban, Alford, The Social Interpretation of the French Revolution, Cambridge, 1964.
- 2). Caughey and May, A History of the U.S.S.R Since, 1917,
- 3) Doyal William, Origins of the French Revolution, Oxford University Press, Oxford 1980
- 4). Doyle, Willam, The Oxford History of the French Revolution, Oxford University Press, 1089.
- 5). Fishar, H.A.L, History of Europe, 3 Volumes
- 6). Furet, Francois, Interpreting the French Revolution, Cambridge University Press, 1981.
- 7). Grant A.J, and Temperely, H, Europe in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Centuries.

- 8). Hayes, A History of Europe, Vol.I& II)
- 9). Hobsbawam, Eric, J, The Age of Revolution, Europe, 1789-1848, Abacus, London, 1977.
- 10). Jones, P.M, The Peasantry in the French Revolution, Cambridge University Press, 1988
- 11). Middlekauff. R. The glorious Cause: The American Revolution, OUP, 2007.
- 12). Peares, B, History of Russia, 1999
- 13).Porter Roy, and M. Teich, (ed), Revolutions in History, Cambridge University Press, 1986
- 14). Rude, Gorge, Revolutionary Europe, 1783-1858, Fontana History of Europe, Fontana Collins, London.
- 15). Rude, Gorge, The French Revolution, Weidenfield and Nelson, London, 1988.
- 16). Shceivill, F, History of Europe From the Reformation to the Present Day.
- 17). Norman Cris, History of World People, Orientlongman, 1999.

DH – 404: Historical Applications in Tourism

Credit: 06

India, with a rich civilizations heritage, has attracted tourists for a long time from different parts of the world. One of the major attractions for tourists has been motivated by their desire to experience the richness of Indian history. Tourism industry is a major job creator in India. This paper aims to introduce the historical applications of tourism to students to enable them to cater to this growing market.

Unit 1 : Characteristics of tourism ; characteristics and design of tourism products.

What is Tourism? Definitions and Concepts, tourist destination, services and industry. Types of Tourists: Visitor, Traveller, and Excursionist–Definition and differentiation. Tourism, recreation and leisure, their inter–relationships.

Types and Forms of Tourism: Inter–regional and intra–regional tourism, inbound and outbound tourism, domestic, international tourism. Forms of Tourism: religious, historical, social, adventure, health, business, conferences, conventions, incentives, sports and adventure.

Unit 2 : History as a Tourism Product

am not sure what to add in this section. I have gone through the syllabus of many Universities, and they have basically included a brief overview of Indian History. But MA History students are supposed to know that. Kindly guide what to include

Unit 3 : Historical Sites

Buddhist circuit: Lumbini, Kusinagar, Sravasti, Sarnath, Nalanda, Bodh Gaya, Vikramashila, Sankissa, Amaravati, Ellora, Ajanta, Sanchi.

Hindu Circuit: Ayodhya, Mathura, Kasi (Varanasi), Gaya, Prayaga, Puri, Bhuvaneshvar, Ujjain, Hardwar, Nasik, Gangasagar

Jaina: Pavapuri, Shatrunjaya, Girnar, Mt. Abu, Sharavanbelgola, Palitana

Muslim: Ajmer Sharif, Nizamuddin (Delhi), Fatehpur Sikri, and some important Mazars.

Sikh: Patna, Nanded, Guru-ka-Tal (Agra), Amritsar.

Others: Khajuraho, Delhi, Agra, Jaipur, Mumbai, Kolkata, Chennai, Bangalore, Hyderabad, Mahabalipuram, Madurai, Tanjore, Hampi, Elephanta, Konark and Fatehpur Sikri

Unit 4 : major and minor monuments

Monuments- Qutub Minar, Atala Mosque (Jaunpur), Kirtistambha (Chittor), Sher Shah Suri's

Tomb, Sikandara, Red Fort (Delhi), Taj Mahal, Golden Temple (Amritsar), Hawa Mahal (Jaipur), Bara Imambara (Lucknow)

Unit 5 : Festivals and religions

Kumbha, Pushkar, Sonapur, Dadari, Tarnetar, Chhatha, Pongal/Makar-Sankranti, Baishakhi, Meenakshi Kalyanam, Holi, Gangaur, Onam, Durga Puja, Ramalila, Diwali, Kartik Purnima (Dev Deepawali, Guru Parb), Dashahara (Kullu), Rathayatra, Nag Nathaiya (Varanasi), Bhrawafat, Id-ul-Fitr, Easter, Christmas, Carnival (Goa), Burhawa Mangal (Varanasi), Ganga Mahotsava, Taj Mahotsava, Khajuraho Mahotsava and Desert Festival.

Unit 6 : Guiding skills

Conceptual meaning of Tourist Guide, duties and responsibilities. Preparation of a tour : Review of itinerary, Participant list, accuracy, timings and practicality, Identifying the group or individual traveller's special needs, Checking Vehicle, Locating Vehicle and contacting driver; standard of dress and personal grooming; Greeting participants and introducing self; Leading the participant: Skills in leading the group, General instruction to Participants at monuments, sacred places and crowded areas, Giving Commentary, answering Questions, concluding a tour. Co-ordinating with the main office, conducting various types of Tours, ability to deliver all information imaginatively and accurately relevant to the client's needs; establishing good security measures.

Suggested Readings:

- Mill and Morrison, (1992), The Tourism System: An Introductory Text , Prentice Hall.

- Cooper, Fletcher et al, (1993), Tourism Principles and Practices, Pitman.
- Burkart and Medlik, (1981), Tourism: Past, Present and Future ,Heinemann, ELBS.
- Mill, R.C., (1990), Tourism: The International Business, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- Bhatia, A.K., - International Tourism
- Seth, P.N., (1999) Successful Tourism Management (Vol 1 &2)
- Gupta, SP, Lal, K, Bhattacharya, M. Cultural Tourism in India (DK Print 2002)
- Dixit, M and Sheela, C. Tourism Products (New Royal Book, 2001)
- Mitra, Devla, Buddhist Architecture, Calcutta.
- Michell, George, Monuments of India, Vol. 1. London.
- Davies, Philip, Monuments of India, Vol. II.,London.
- Brown Percy, Indian Architecture (Buddhist and Hindu),Bombay.
- Brown Percy, Indian Architecture (Islamic period), Bombay.
- Hawkins. R.E., Encyclopaedia of Indian Natural History.
- Vatsayana, Kapila, Indian Classical Dance, New Delhi.
- Swami, Prayaganand, History of Indian Music.
- Jain, Jyotindra & Arti, Aggrawala : National Handicrafts and Handlooms Museum.
- Mode. H. & Chandra.S. : Indian Folk Art, Bombay.
- Mehta. R. J. : Handicrafts & Industrial Arts of India, New York.
- Dixit, M and Sheela, C. Tourism Products (New Royal Book, 2001)
- Pond K.L., The professional Guide: Dynamic of Tour Guiding, Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, 1993.